

syngenta_®

GROUP 12 FUNGICIDE



MEDALLION® TL is a suspension concentrate formulation containing 125 g/l fludioxonil.

A broad spectrum foliar fungicide with protectant and contaproperties for control of Fusarium patch (Microdoch um nivale), useful levels of control of leaf spot (Drec'.slei. spp.) and reduction of Anthracnose (Colletotrichum, gran inicola) on managed amenity turf and amenity grass and

Authorisation Holder

Syngenta UK Limited

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Marketing Company

Syngenta Ireland Limited

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In case of toxic or transport emergency ring +44(0)1484 538444 anytime.

PROTECT FROM FROST SHAKE WELL BEFORE LISE

MED. LLION TL FOP PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

avoid risks to burran Lealth and the environment comply with the instructions for use.

A suspension consentrate formulation containin 125 q/l fludioxonil



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Ve. " * " xic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. k, to out of reach of children.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Avoid release to the environment.

Contains 1.2-benzisothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Collect spillage.

Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste disposal contractor or collection site except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as nonhazardous waste.

PCS No. 04188

L1089025 IREL/05A PPE 4161379

3 litres

Product names marked ® or ™, the ALLIANCE FRAME are Trademarks of a Syngenta Group Company

ADDITIONAL SAFETY INFORMATION

(a) Operator Protection

WASH HANDS AND EXPOSED SKIN before eating and drinking and after work.

(b) Environmental protection

Do not allow spray from ground crop sprayers to fall within 5m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing waterbody or within 1m of the top of a ditch which is dry at the time of application. Do not allow direct spray from hand-held sprayers to fall within 1m of the top of the bank of a static or flowing waterbody. Direct spray away from water. Do not contaminate water with the product or its container. Do not clean application equipment near surface water. Avoid contamination via drains from yards and roads.

(c) Storage and disposal

KEEP IN ORIGINAL CONTAINER, tightly closed in a safe place.

RINSE CONTAINER THOROUGHLY by using at integrated pressure rinsing device or manually rinsing three times. Add washings to sprayer at time or filling and dispose of safely. DO NOT RE-USE CONTAINER for any other purpose.

CONDITIONS OF USE

FOR USE ONLY AS A HORTICULTURAL FUNGICIDE

For use on:

Crops	M vamum individual dose (product/ha)		Maximum total dose
Managed amenity turf and amenity grassland	3.0 l/ha	4 per year	12.0 l/ha/year

This leaflet is part of the approved Product Label.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

IMPORTANT: This information is approved as part of the Product Label. All instructions within this section must be carefully read in order to obtain safe and successful use of this product.

GENERAL INFORMATION

MEDALLION® TL is a suspension concentrate formulation containing 125 g/l fludioxonil. Fludioxonil is a long lasting contact fungicide belonging to the phenylpyrrole chemistry group, that provides broadspectrum activity against a wide range of turf diseases. It is believed to inhibit transport-associated phosphorylation of dlucose, which subsequently results in the inhibition of fundal mycelial growth.

RESTRICTIONS

Prevent spray drift on to surrounding areas. Do not apply when ground is frozen or during drought. DO NOT apply to turf under heat or moisture stress.

DISEASES CONTROLLED

MEDALLION TL is a broad spectrum foliar fungicide with protectar, and contact properties for the control of the following diseases in managed amenity turf and amenity grassland:

- Fusarium Patch (Microdochium nivale)
- · Leaf Spots (Drechslera spp.) [useful levels of control
- Anthracnose (Colletotrichum graminicola) [reเร็นเลือน)
- * Recommendation made on the basis of limited data

For optimum turf quality and disease contro,, use MEDALL'ON TL in conjunction with turf management practices that promote good plant he. "in.

Correct identification of the disease(s) is essentially selecting the most appropriate control measures.

CROP SPECIFIC INFORMATION

Begin applications when conditions are 'avoura'to for disease infection, at the very beginning of disease symptom expression.

Crop Tolerance

When used as recommended, MEDALLION TL is well tolerated by all common turf grass species.

Rates of Use

Apply 3 litres MEDALLION TL per hectare in 125-500 litres water per hectare.

For spot treatments, use 30 ml of MEDALLION TL in 1.25-5 litres of water to treat an area of 100 square metres.

Timing

Apply in a preventative spray programme, starting when conditions become favourable for disease development. Apply 3 litres MEDALLION TL per hectare with a maximum number of 4 sprays per year. A minimum interval of 14 days should be observed between applications.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT

Some turf disease pathogens are known to have developed resistance to products used repeatedly for their control. In order to minimise the likelihood of the development of resistance, it is recommended that MEDALLION TL should be used in a programme with products of different chemical groups.

Use MEDALLION TL in a disease control programme, alternating treatments with other fungicides having different modes of action.

MEDALLION TL contains fludioxonil (a phenylpyrrole) and applications should be made in accordance with FRAC guidelines.

Apply MEDALLION TL at full recommended rates. Utilize management practices, which encourage healthy turf and reduce turf stress.

APPLICATION

VOLUME OF WATER AND SPRAYING

MEDALLION TL may be applied through all types of spray equipment commonly used for making ground applications. Application equipment should be calibrated before use.

MEDALLION TL is recommended to be applied in 125-500 trues water/ha with all application methods.

MIXING AND SPRAYING

Tractor-mounted/trailed sprayers: Make sure the sprayer, is clean and sector give an even application at the correct volume and an even deposit. He'fin'the spray tank with the required volume of clean water and start agitation. Add the required amount of MEDALLION To the spray tank. Agitate the mixture thoroughly before use and continue ag tation during spraying.

Thoroughly wash all spray equip tent with water immedia ely after use.

Hand-held and knapsack spraye s; 'An fill the spray work with clean water and add the required quantity of MEDALLION To to 'Ye tank. Complete filling, mix thoroughly and use immediately.

Thoroughly wash all spicying equipment im neo ately after use.

Wash out containers thoroughly, pre arab. Lusing an integrated pressure rinsing device, or manually rinse three times. Add washings to the prayer at the time of filling.

Complete filling to the required volume and continue to agitate throughout the spraying operation.

Do not leave the spray liquid in the sprayer for long periods (such as during meal breaks or overnight). Make up only the amount of spray required for immediate use.

For further information please see www.greencast.ie.

COMPANY ADVISORY INFORMATION

- Some diseases can quickly damage turf. Treatment at a late stage of disease development will be more difficult and can leave bare soil patches needing renovation.
- 2. Use preventative sprays, especially against diseases which occur in winter and early spring.
- If diseases recur regularly, check management practices, especially fertilizer treatment as this can affect disease occurrence if either in excess or deficient.

GOOD FIELD PRACTICE

As part of our Product Stewardship policy, Syngenta recommend the following precautions should also be observed:

Wear appropriate clothing-coveralls and protective gloves, when handling the concentrate.

This product is to be used only in accordance with the recommendations and instructions given on the labels provided with this pack. Use in any other circumstances is entirely at user's risk.

MEDALLION® TL is a trade mark of a Syngenta Group Company.

Safety Data Sheet v8.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name : MEDALLION TL Design code : A17856B

Design code : A176566

Product Registration Number: PCS 04188

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixty, e and uses advised against Use of the Substance/Mixture: Fungicide

Recommended restrictions on use: professional use

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data since

Company : Syngenta Ireland Limited

Block 6 Cleaboy Business Park, Old Kilmea ien Reau, Waterford, i elai

Telephone : (051) 377203 Telefax : (051) 354748

E-mail address of person responsible for the SDS: cropsaids le@syngenta.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone numt er: Cyngunta +44 14 84 ! ? 4444

Poisons Information Centre of Ireland

Members of Public: +353 (1) 809 2166. (3.00 1.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week)

Healthcare Professionals: +353 (1) & 19 \ 560 (24-hour service)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard, Category 1 - H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling (REGULATION (EC) No 1272/2008)

Hazard pictograms :

Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplemental Hazard Statements: EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic

reaction.

EUH401 To avoid risks to human health and the environment, comply with the instructions for use.

Keen out of reach of children

Precautionary statements : P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

> P273 Avoid release to the environment

Response:

P102

P391 Collect spillage.

Disposal:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to a licensed hazardouswaste

> disposal contractor or collection site except for empty triple rinsed clean containers which can be disposed of as

nonhazardous waste.

2.3 Other hazards

This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (VFVB) at levels of

0.1% or higher.

Ecological information: The substance/mixture do a net contain control and considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to C54C Laticle 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at (evel) 0 0.1% or higher. Toxicological information: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57 m or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Fearlation (EU) 2018/305 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 3: Composition/in.formation on ingredients 3.2 Mixtures

Components

Chemical name	CAS-No. EC-No. Index-N : Registration number	Classification	Concentration (% w/w)
fludioxonil (ISO)	131341-86-1 608-069-00-4	Aquatic Acute 1; H400 Aquatic Chronic 1; H410 M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 1 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10	>= 10 - < 20
poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6- tris(1-phenyle- thyl)phenyl] hydroxy-	99734-09-5	Aquatic Chronic 3; H412	>= 1 - < 2.5

Chemical name	CAS-No.	Classification	Concentration
	EC-No.		(% w/w)
	Index-No.		` '
	Registration number		
bronopol (INN)	52-51-7	Acute Tox. 4; H302	>= 0.025 - < 0.1
	200-143-0	Acute Tox. 4; H312	
	603-085-00-8	Skin Irrit. 2; H315	
	01-2119980938-15	Eye Dam. 1; H318	
		STOT SE 3; H335 (Respiratory	
		system)	
		Aquatic Acute 1; H400	
		Aquatic Chronic 1; H410	
		M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10	
		M-Factor (Chronic aquatic	
		toxicity): 1	
1,2-benzisothiazol-	2634-33-5	Acute Tox. 4; FI302	>= 0.025 - <
3(2H)-one	220-120-9	Skin Irrit, 2 .!!215	0.05
	613-088-00-6 01-	Eye Da.n. 1; r1318	
	2120761540-60	Skin Sor.s. 1: H317	
		Aquatic Acute 1; H400	
		າຊະຈ ic Chronic 2; 14 ເາ	
		M-Factor (Acute anulitic toxicity): 1	
	. (1	specific concel.trat un limit	
		Skin Sens. 1: H317	
		>= 0.75 %	

For explanation of abbreviations are section 16.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice: Have the product container, Isoel or Safety Data Sheet with you when calling the emergency number, a poison control ceiter or physician, or going for treatment.

If inhaled : Move the victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or poison control centre immediately.

In case of skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses. Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms: Nonspecific. No symptoms known or expected.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment: There is no specific antidote available. Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Extinguishing media - small fires - Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

Extinguishing media - large fires - Alcohol-resistant foam or Water spray

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Specific hazards during firefighting: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of combustion (see section 10). Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information : Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and energency procedures

Personal precautions: Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 at d 8.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Environmental precautions: Prevent further L. L/ag a or spillage if s. fe or do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates over and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

6.3 Methods and material for contail men, and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up: Contai, spiriage, and then cilled with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous and permicultie) and prace in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Clear col taminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents, Retain indicates of corraining equivalents water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

For disposal considerations see sect on 13., Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Advice on safe handling: No special protective measures against fire required. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers: No special storage conditions required. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s): For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval conditions laid down on the product label.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Components	CAS-No.	Value type (Form of exposure)	Control parameters	Basis
fludioxonil (ISO)	131341-86-1	TWA	5 mg/m ³	Syngenta
propane-1,2-diol	57-55-6	OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) (particles)	10 mg/m ³	IE OEL
		OELV - 8 hrs (TWA)	150 ppm	IE OEL
		(total (vapour and particles))	470 mg/m ³	

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	End Use	Exposure routes	Potential health effects	Value
propane-1,2-diol	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	168 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	10 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-tern, systemic effects	30 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term local effects	10 mg/m ³
bronopol (INN)	Workers	Inhalation	or.g-terin systemic e fects	3.5 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalation	Accts systemic office	10.5 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalatic	Long-term Inda effects	2.5 mg/m ³
	Workers	Inhalation	Acute local effects	2.5 mg/m ³
	Workers	[ermal	Long-ter n si stemic effects	2 mg/kg
	Workers	Dt.'ma!	Acute systemic effects	6 mg/kg
	Workers	Dermal	Lung-lerm local effects	0.008 mg/cm ²
	Worker	Dermal	Acute local effects	0.008 mg/cm ²
	Consume.s	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	0.6 mg/m ³
	Co. Muline is	Inh alaa on	Acute systemic effects	1.8 mg/m ³
	Consumers	ini.ala: cii	Long-term local effects	0.6 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Inha ation	Acute local effects	0.6 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.7 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Acute systemic effects	2.1 mg/kg
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term local effects	0.004 mg/cm ²
	Consumers	Dermal	Acute local effects	0.004 mg/cm ²
	Consumers	0ral	Long-term systemic effects	0.18 mg/kg
	Consumers	0ral	Acute systemic effects	0.5 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol- 3(2H)-one	Workers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	6.81 mg/m ³
	Workers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.966 mg/kg
	Consumers	Inhalation	Long-term systemic effects	1.2 mg/m ³
	Consumers	Dermal	Long-term systemic effects	0.345 mg/kg

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006:

Substance name	Environmental Compartment	Value
propane-1,2-diol	Fresh water	260 mg/l
	Marine water	26 mg/l
	Intermittent use/release	183 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	20000 mg/l
	Marine sediment	57.2 mg/kg
	Fresh water sediment	572 mg/kg
	Soil	50 mg/kg
bronopol (INN)	Fresh water	0.01 mg/l
	Marine water	0.001 mg/l
	Freshwater - intermittent	0.003 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	0.43 mg/l
	Fresh water sediment	0.041 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.003 mg/kg
	Soil	0.5 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one	Fresh water	0.00403 mg/l
	Marine water	0.000403 mg/l
	Sewage treatment plant	1.03 mg/l
	Fresh water segiment	0.0499 mg/kg
	Marine sediment	0.00499 mg/kg
	Fre shwater - intermittent	0.0011 mg/l
	Marine water - intrimittent	0.000110 mg/l
	Soil	3 mg/kg

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering measure

Containment and/or segrection is the most reliable technical protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated. The extent of these in sect or measures depends on the actual risks in use. Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hydiene advice.

Personal protective equipment

Eve protection: No special protective equipment required.

Hand protection

Remarks: No special protective equipment required.

Skin and body protection: No special protective equipment required. Select skin and body protection based on the physical job requirements.

Respiratory protection: No personal respiratory protective equipment normally required. When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they must use appropriate certified respirators. Protective measures: The use of technical measures should always have priority over the use of personal protective equipment. When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate professional advice.

Environmental exposure controls

Water: Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective authorities.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : suspension Colour : beige grey to grey green

Odour : sweetish

Odour Threshold : No data available Melting point/range : No data available Boiling point/boiling range : No data available

Flammability : No data available

Upper explosion limit / Upper flammability limit: No data available Lower explosion limit / Lower flammability limit: No data available

Flash point : Method: Pensky-Martens closed cup. does not flash Auto-ignition temperature : 610 °C

Decomposition temperature · No data available

pH:5-9. Concentration: 1 % w/v

Viscosity, dynamic: 77 - 233 mPa.s (20 °C). 64 - 196 m. Pa.s (45 °C)

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Water solubility : No data available

Solubility in other solvents : No data available

Partition coefficient: noctanol/ water: No. lat. available

Vapour pressure : No data available

Density: 1.06 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Relative vapour density : No data evaluable

Particle characteristics
Particle size : No data available

9.2 Other information

Explosives: Not explosive
Oxidizing properties: The substance or n ixture is not classified as oxidizing.

Evaporation rate : No data available

Surface tension: 39.4 mN/m, 0.1 % w/v, 20 °C

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

None reasonably foreseeable.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Hazardous reactions : No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid: No decomposition if used as directed.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Materials to avoid : None known.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products: No hazardous decomposition products are known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Information on likely routes of exposure: Ingestion, Inhalation, Skin contact, Eye contact

Acute toxicity Product:

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, female): 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male and female): > 2.59 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Test atmosphere: dust/mist

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and female): > 5.000 mg/kg

Components: fludioxonil (ISO):

Acute oral toxicity: LD50 (Rat, male and fen ale). > 5,000 mg/kg

Acute inhalation toxicity: LC50 (Rat, male and funalty 2.6 mg/)

Exposure time: 4

Test atmosphere. duc*/mist
Assessmen*. The suc stance or mixtur, has no acute inhalation toxicity

Acute dermal toxicity: LD50 (Pat, male and female): > 2,000 mg/kg

Asses time at: The substanct or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,1]6 tric(1-phenylett.) | phenylett.

Acute oral toxicity : bronopol (INN): L25% Oral (Rat): F,000 mg/kg

As essment: he component/mixture is moderately toxic after single ingestion.

Acute dermal toxicity:

Assessment: This component/mixture is moderately toxic after single contact with skin.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-oneAcute oral toxicity: LD50

LD50 (R: t_nale): 670 mg/kg

Acute dermal toxicity : LD50 (Rat. male and female): > 2.000 mg/kg

Assessment: The substance or mixture has no acute dermal toxicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit Result : No skin irritation

Components:

fludioxonil (ISO): Species : Rabbit

Result : No skin irritation bronopol (INN):

Result : Irritating to skin.

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species: Rabbit

Result: Mild skin irritation

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Product:

Species : Rabbit Result : No eye irritation

Components: fludioxonil (ISO): Species : Rabbit

Result : No eye irritation

Result : Risk of serious damage to eves.

1.2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Species : Rabbit

Result: Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation Product:

Test Type : Buehler Test Species : Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitisation on laboratory chimals

Components: fludioxonil (ISO):

Species : Guinea pig

Result : Did not cause sensitisation of laboratory animals.

1.2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

1,2-benzisotniazoi-3(2H)-one

Result : Probability or evidence or o'un sensitisation in humans

Germ cell mutagenicity Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessmen' Ar imal testing did not show any mutagenic effects.

poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1, henylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Germ cell mutagenicity- Assessment: Weight of evidence does not support classification as a germ cell mutagen.

Carcinogenicity

Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Carcinogenicity - Assessment: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity

Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Reproductive toxicity - Assessment: No toxicity to reproduction

STOT - single exposure

Components:

bronopol (INN):

Assessment : The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

11.2 Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment : The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product:

Toxicity to fish : LC50 (Oncorhynchus m; kiss (rainbow trout)): 5.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia ...ar_na (Water flea)): 31 mg/l

Exposure time: 18 i

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Ra, inido revis subcapitatu (frushwater green alga)): 5.4 mg/l

Exposure fin.a; 96 h
NO -C (Repnidocelis subcapit ta (freshwater green alga)); 1 mg/l

Zno poin'. Growth rate

C 0 (Raphidoce, subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 2.9 mg/l

End poin: Growth rate Exposure tin e: 96 h

Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

posure time: 96 h

LC50 (Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)): 0.7 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 0.4 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h EC50 (Americamysis): 0.27 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (*Raphidocelis subcapitata* (freshwater green alga)): 0.259 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

EC10 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)); 0.077 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.43 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

NOEC (Skeletonema costatum (marine diatom)): 0.14 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 96 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):

M-Factor=1 used for transport classification Toxicity to microorganisms: EC50 (activated sludge): > 1,000 mg/l

Exposure time: 3 h

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity):

NOEC: 0.04 mg/l Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

NOEC: 0.018 mg/l Exposure time: 116 d

Species: Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0.035 mg/l Exposure time: 21

Species: Daphnia 239,23 Water flee

NOEC: 0.018 Exposure tin.2: 29 a Specie : Americamysis

M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 10.

N -Fautor=1 used for t ansi ort classification poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4 5-1 is,1-pnenylethyl)p. envil- -hydroxy-: LC50 (Danio ren) (zebra fish)); 21 mg/l

Toxicity to fish:

Exposure time: 96 //

Ecotoxicology Assessment

Chronic aquatic toxicity: Harn ful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

bronopol (INN):

NOEC (algae): 0.0025 mg/l Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants:

Exposure time: 72 h EC50 (algae): 0.068 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity): 10 M-Factor (Chronic aquatic toxicity): 1

1.2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Toxicity to fish:

LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)): 2.18 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates:

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)): 2.94 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

Toxicity to algae/aquatic plants: ErC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 0.15 mg/l Exposure time: 72 h

EC10 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)): 0.04 mg/l

End point: Growth rate Exposure time: 72 h

M-Factor (Acute aquatic toxicity):

Toxicity to fish (Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 0.3 mg/l

Exposure time: 28 d

Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates

(Chronic toxicity): NOEC: 1.7 mg/l Exposure time: 21 d

Species: Daphnia (water flea)

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Biodegradability: Result: Not readily biodegradable. Stability in water: Degradation half life: 450 - 700 of

Remarks: Persistent in water.

bronopol (INN):

Biodegradability : Result: Readily biodegradability

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Biodegradability : Result: rapidly degra jable

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Bioaccumulation: Remarks: 200s not bioaccum late. Partition coefficient: no language vater: log 7 o y: 4 12 (25 °C)

1.2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-or.e:

Bioaccumulation: Remarks: Bioaccu nula 'io, r is unlikely.

12.4 Mobility in soil Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Distribution among environmental compartments: Remarks: immobile

Stability in soil : Dissipation time: 14 d Percentage dissipation: 50 % (DT50) Remarks: Product is not persistent.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Product:

Assessment: This substance/mixture contains no components considered to be either persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT), or very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB) at levels of 0.1% or higher. Components:

fludioxonil (ISO):

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), -[2,4,6-tris(1-phenylethyl)phenyl]- -hydroxy-:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (VPVB).

1.2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one:

Assessment: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be very persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Product:

Assessment: The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product: Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with co-mical or used container. Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Where possible recycling is nefe, ed to disposal or incineration. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local in outprisons.

Contaminated packaging: Empty remaining contents, rips, trips contailer. Firsty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for reproducting or disposal on not resuse empty containers. Waste Code: uncleaned packagings. 15 01 10, packaging containing les dues of or contaminated by hazardous substances.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number or ID number

ADR	RID	IMDG	IATA
UN 3082	IN SUC2	UN 3082	UN 3082

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDO'JS 3U2S'ANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUDIOXONIL)

RID : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS & UPSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUDIOXONIL)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (FLUDIOXONIL)

 $IATA: Environmentally\ hazardous\ substance,\ liquid,\ n.o.s.\ (FLUDIOXONIL)$

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	RID	IMDG	IATA
9	9	9	9

14.4 Packing group

ADR	RID	IMDG
Packing group : III	Packing group : III	Packing group : III
Classification Code : M6	Classification Code : M6	Labels: 9
Hazard Identification Number : 90	Hazard Identification Number : 90	EmS Code : F-A, S-F
Labels: 9	Labels: 9	·
Tunnel restriction code : (-)		

IATA (Cargo)	IATA (Passenger)
Packing instruction (cargo : 964 aircraft)	Packing instruction
Packing instruction (LQ): Y964	(passenger aircraft): 964
Packing group : III	Packing instruction (LQ): Y964
Labels : Miscellaneous	Packing group : III
	Labels : Miscellaneous

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR	RID	IMDG
Environmentally hazardous : yes	Environmentally hazardous : yes	Marine pollutant : yes
IATA (Cargo)	IATA (Passenger)	
Environmentally hazardous : yes	Environmentally hazardous : yes]

14.6 Special precautions for user

The transport classification(s) provided herein are for informational purposes only, and solely based upon the properties of the unpackaged material as it is described within this Safety Data Sheet. Transportation classifications may vary by mode of transportation, package sizes, and yariations in regional or country regulations.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable for product as supplied.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental required on Alegislation appoints for the substance or mixture

REACH - Restrictions on the manufacture public in on the mark at and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles (Annex VIII): Not applicable

REACH - Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation (Article 59).: Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009 on substances that 1cp etc. he ozone layer: Not applicable Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on pursuation of policients (recast): Not applicable

Regulation (EC) No 649/2012 of the Europea 1P: rliament and the Council concerning the export and import of dangerous of emissions. Not applicable

REACH - List of substances subject to puthe risiation (Annex XIV); Not applicable

Seveso III: Directive 2012/18/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council on the control of majoraccident hazards involving dangero is substances.

Quantity 1 Quantity 2

E1 ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS 100 t 200 t

Other regulations:

Take note of Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work. Use plant protection products safely. Always read the label and product information before use.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

A Chemical Safety Assessment is not required for this substance when it is used in the specified applications.

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of H-Statements	Full text of other abbreviations
H302 : Harmful if swallowed.	Acute Tox. : Acute toxicity
H312: Harmful in contact with skin.	Aquatic Acute : Short-term (acute) aquatic hazard
H315 : Causes skin irritation.	Aquatic Chronic : Long-term (chronic) aquatic hazard

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318: Causes serious eve damage. H335 : May cause respiratory irritation.

H400 : Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410: Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H412: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Skin Sens · Skin sensitisation STOT SE: Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure IE OEL: Ireland, List of Chemical Agents and Occupational Exposure Limit Values - Schedule 1

Eye Dam. : Serious eye damage

Skin Irrit · Skin irritation

IE OEL / OELV - 8 hrs (TWA) : Occupational exposure limit value (8-hour reference period) ADN - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways; ADR - Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road; AllC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals: ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials: bw - Body weight: CLP -Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation: Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008; CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant: DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation: DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada): ECHA - European Chemicals Agency: EC-Number - European Community number; ECx - Concentration associated with x% response; ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response; EmS - Emergency Schedule: ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan): ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response; GHS - Globally Han, with System; GLP - Good Laboratory Practice: IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer: IARC - International Air Transport Association: IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Pangerous Chemicals in Bulk: IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration: ICAc - Inc. national Civ. Aviation Organization: IECSC -Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China 1620 - International Naturne Dangerous Goods: IMO - International Maritime Organization: ISHL - Industrial Safety and Positional Law (Japan): ISO - International Organisation for Standardization: KECI - Kor a Exicting Chemicals to ye nory: LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population: LD50 - Letha Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal Dose): MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships; n.o.s. - Not Otherwise Specified; NO(A) EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Co ice. + ation; NO(A)EL No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level; NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Barry, NZIoC - Nev Ze land Inventory of Chemicals: OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development: or PTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention: PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance; PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances; (Q)SAR - (Quantita, ve) Structure Activity Relationship; REACH - Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 of the European Parliame it and of the Council concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals: RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail: SADT - Self- Accelerating Decomposition Temperature: SDS - Safety Data Sheet: SVHC - Substance of Very High Concern: TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory: TECI - Thailand Existing Chemicals Inventory: TRGS - Technical Rule for Hazardous Substances: TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States): UN - United Nations: vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Further information

Classification of the mixture: Classification procedure:

Aquatic Chronic 1 H410 Calculation method

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.